Year 4

NC Fluency Skills:

- Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet
- Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.

NC Comprehension Skills:

Develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:

- Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks
- Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read
- Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally
- Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books English
- Preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action
- Discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination
- Recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]

Understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:

- Checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context
- Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text
- Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- Predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these
- Identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning.
- Retrieve and record information from non-fiction
- Participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.

NC Non-Statutory Guidance:

• At this stage, teaching comprehension should be taking precedence over teaching word reading directly. Any focus on word reading should support the development of vocabulary.

- When pupils are taught to read longer words, they should be supported to test out different pronunciations. They will attempt to match what they decode to words they may have already heard but may not have seen in print [for example, in reading 'technical', the pronunciation /tɛtʃnɪkəl/ ('tetchnical') might not sound familiar, but /tɛknɪkəl/ ('teknical') should].
- The focus should continue to be on pupils' comprehension as a primary element in reading. The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. This is why the programmes of study for comprehension in years 3 and 4 and years 5 and 6 are similar: the complexity of the writing increases the level of challenge. Pupils should be taught to recognise themes in what they read, such as the triumph of good over evil or the use of magical devices in fairy stories and folk tales. They should also learn the conventions of different types of writing (for example, the greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings in instructions). Pupils should be taught to use the skills they have learnt earlier and continue to apply these skills to read for different reasons, including for pleasure, or to find out information and the meaning of new words.
- Pupils should continue to have opportunities to listen frequently to stories, poems, nonfiction and other writing, including whole books and not just extracts, so that they build on what was taught previously. In this way, they also meet books and authors that they might not choose themselves. Pupils should also have opportunities to exercise choice in selecting books and be taught how to do so, with teachers making use of any library services and expertise to support this.
- Reading, re-reading, and rehearsing poems and plays for presentation and performance give pupils opportunities to discuss language, including vocabulary, extending their interest in the meaning and origin of words. Pupils should be encouraged to use drama approaches to understand how to perform plays and poems to support their understanding of the meaning. These activities also provide them with an incentive to find out what expression is required, so feeding into comprehension.
- In using non-fiction, pupils should know what information they need to look for before they begin and be clear about the task. They should be shown how to use contents pages and indexes to locate information.
- Pupils should have guidance about the kinds of explanations and questions that are expected from them. They should help to develop, agree on, and evaluate rules for effective discussion. The expectation should be that all pupils take part.

Term: Autumn 1	Project title: Potions	Number of weeks: 7
Fiction Texts:	Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone – J.K. Rowling	
	Alice in Wonderland – Lewis Carroll	
	Macbeth – William Shakespeare	
	The Witches – Roald Dahl	
Non-fiction Texts:	Non-fiction texts based on solids, liquids and gases.	
	Matter (Moving Up with Science) – Peter Riley	
	Incredible Edibles: A Science Flavoured Cookbook – Stefan Gates	
	What's Chemistry All About? – Alex Frith and Lisa Gillespie	
Visual Literacy:	Potion Shop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vESEKK1qN98	
	Harry Potter – Liquid Luck: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rmB8ALhdw91	
	A Prince	
	Something Familiar	
Poetry	Magic – Grace V Tidrow	
	The Magic Box – Kit Wright	
	Double Double Toil and Trouble (The Witches) - Macbeth	
	THE MARGE DOC, by Kin Wright I will got in the box the similer of a file flow on a purpose right.	
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Term: Autumn 2	Project title: Burps, Bottoms and Bile	Number of weeks: 7			
Fiction Texts:	Demon Dentist – David Walliams				
	The Boy at the Back of the Class – Onjali K Rauf				
	Dirty Bertie (Loo!, Toothy!, Germs!) – Alan MacDonald				
Non-fiction Texts:	Non-fiction texts about digestion and the human body.				
	Why Do We Eat? – Stephanie Turnbull				
	Blood, Bones and Body Bits (Horrible Science) – Nick Arnold				
	Disgusting Digestion (Horrible Science) – Nick Arnold				
	You Wouldn't Want to Live Without Toilets! – Fiona MacDonald				
	You Wouldn't Want to Live Without Poo! – Alex Woolf				
	Your Growling Guts and Dynamic Digestive System (Your Brilliant Body) – Paul Mason				
	Healthy Eating (Let's Read and Talk About) – Honor Head				
	My Body – Bloomsbury				
Visual Literacy:	How your Digestive System Works - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Og5x	AdC8EUI			
,	What Causes Cavities? - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zGoBFU1q4g0				
Poetry:	The Digestive System – Insiyah Dharsee - https://www.poetrynation.com/poer	ns/the_digestive_system/			
roedy.	The digestive system – maryan diffaree - mttps.//www.poetrynation.com/poet	ns/the-digestive-system/			

Project title: I Am Warrior	Number of weeks: 7
The Thieves of Ostia – Caroline Lawrence	
Roman Diary: The Journey of Iliona – Richard Platt	
Roodica The Rude – Margaret Ryan (Series)	
The Usborne Official Roman Soldier's Handbook – Lesley Sims	
So You Think You've Got It Bad: A Kid's Life in Ancient Rome – Chae Strathie Marisa N	lorea
Non-fiction texts about The Romans	
Boudicca (Famous People, Famous Lives) – Emma Fischel	
Julius Caesar (Usborne) – Rachel Firth	
What the Romans Did for Us – Alison Hawes	
Rotten Romans (Horrible Histories) – Terry Deary	
Horrible Histories – Rotten Romans: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6dohpfFPi6	<u>U</u>
Boudicca and the Roman Invasion – The Story of Britain: https://www.youtube.com/v	vatch?v=eC7ONgTJGKw
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March to War:	
What the Romans Did for Us - http://www.history-for-kids.com/romans-did.html	
	The Thieves of Ostia – Caroline Lawrence Roman Diary: The Journey of Iliona – Richard Platt Roodica The Rude – Margaret Ryan (Series) The Usborne Official Roman Soldier's Handbook – Lesley Sims So You Think You've Got It Bad: A Kid's Life in Ancient Rome – Chae Strathie Marisa M Non-fiction texts about The Romans Boudicca (Famous People, Famous Lives) – Emma Fischel Julius Caesar (Usborne) – Rachel Firth What the Romans Did for Us – Alison Hawes Rotten Romans (Horrible Histories) – Terry Deary Horrible Histories – Rotten Romans: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6dohpfFPi6 The Roman Empire and its Effect on Britain: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3X7 Boudicca and the Roman Invasion – The Story of Britain: https://www.youtube.com/w A Day in the Life of a Roman Soldier - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P5e7cl19H March to War:

Term: Spring 2	Project title: Misty Mountain Sierra	Number of weeks: 5
Fiction Texts:	Once Upon a Raindrop – James Carter	
	The Rhythm of The Rain – Grahame Baker-Smith	
	The Wild Robot – Peter Brown	
	The Miraculous Journey of Edward Tulane – Kate DiCamillo	
Non-fiction Texts:	Non-fiction texts about Mountains and/or the water cycle	
	Himalayan Mountains (Expedition Diaries) – Simon Chapman	
	Mountains of the World – Dieter Braun	
	The Water Cycle – Alison Milford	
	The Water Cycle at Work – Rebecca Olien	
Visual Literacy:	The Hobbit: To The Misty Mountains - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TiHVpi-0rqo	
	Crossing Everest's Deadly Slopes - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q4Kw7GIZcHM	
	The Summoner: https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/portfolio_page/the-summoner/	
	Imminent: https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/portfolio_page/imminent/	
Poetry	The Eagle – Alfred Lord Tennyson	
	The Eagle by Alfred Lord Tennyson The Waller about 1 was and sale. The Waller about 1 was and sale. The Waller about 1 was a sale. The Waller about 1 was a sale. The Waller about 1 was a sale of the was a sale. They waste the house for root and man, birtl one survey day, a group of walkers came to stay. They waste the house fore root and man, birtl one survey day, a group of walkers came to stay. They waste the house fore root and man, birtl one survey day, a group of walkers came to stay. They waste the house fore root and mount, they glanted washe within the mout. The walker obtains border fore a house, some of the root rooped root. The walker house fore root and mout, and the big old Mountain muss no longer sale for he waste house the waste rooped. The waste house fore the waste publicate and mad, and the big old Mountain muss no longer sale for he realised be award on longer to glante bit excess he was the wasterning Mountain, made from store.	

Term: Summer 1	Project title: Traders and Raiders	Number of weeks: 6
Fiction Texts:	Beowulf – Michael Morpurgo	
	How to Train your Dragon – Cressida Cowell	
Non-fiction Texts:	Non-fiction texts about Vikings	
	Vicious Vikings: Horrible Histories – Terry Dear	
	Vikings (100 Facts) – Fiona MacDonald and Rupert Matthews	
	The Anglo-Saxons in Britain – Moira Butterfield	
Visual Literacy:	Jotun – Journey of a Viking: https://www.literacyshed.com/jotun.html	
	How to Train Your Dragon: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zuj5doGGM7E	
	BBC – Viking Sagas: https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/school-radio/english-ks1-english-viking	
	Shadow of the Colossus: <a "="" dragon-hunter="" href="https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/portfolio-page/shadow-co.uk/portfolio-page/sha</td><td>f-the-colossus/</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Dragon Hunter: https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/portfolio_page/dragon-hunter/	
	Boats: https://www.onceuponapicture.co.uk/portfolio_page/boats/	
Poetry:	History of Vikings – Paul Perro	
	Being a Warrior Woman	
	Lo There, Do I see my Father?	
	The first was the single stages of the single stage	

Term: Summer 2	Project title: Blue Abyss	Number of weeks: 7
Fiction Texts:	Kensuke's Kingdom – Michael Morpurgo	
	Flotsam – David Weisner	
	Treasure Island – Robert Louis Stevenson	
	Why The Whales Came – Michael Morpurgo	
Non-fiction Texts:	Non-fiction texts about living things under the sea.	
	Under the Sea – Anna Milbourne	
	Ocean – DK Eyewitness	
	Weird Sea Creatures – Erich Hoyt	
	Oceans (National Geographic Kids) – Jonna Rizzo	
Visual Literacy:	A Whale's Tale - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xFPoIU5iiYQ	
	Blue Planet – David Attenborough	
	Journey to the Bottom of the Ocean - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LKXvdyI	Nz6L8
		arr.
Poetry:	The Ocean – Nathaniel Hawthorne	
	Shipwreck – Nick Strong	
	Under The Sea (Poetry Collection) - https://childrens.poetryarchive.org/collections/	<u>/under-the-sea/</u>

VIPERS Question Stems Year 4:

Vocabulary	 Which word in the text describes what is like? Find and copy one/two words which describes/means? In the sentence the word is closest in meaning to (examples given) Give the meaning of the word in the sentence? What does word/phrase mean?
Inference	 How do you know that was excited? How did feel when happened? What impressions do you get of a setting/a person from a paragraph? What does a particular paragraph suggest/infer about a person/setting? Why did happen? Why did do something? What evidence in the text is there that a character felt /is (adjective)?
Prediction	 How do you think this story will develop? What are your reasons from the text? Do you think that someone will do/act differently in the future?
Explanation	 How does the title encourage you to read on? In what ways do the illustrations support the text? What does the word tell you about? What effect has the author created by writing a particular line this way? The writer uses words like How does this make you feel? (Comparing two texts) - Which text is better and why? Describe different character's reactions to the same event In what ways are 2 characters/settings the same/different?
Retrieval	 What, Who, Where, When, Why?, How much/many? Using information from the text, decide if the following statements are true or false.

Summarising

- What happened before or after something?
- Number the sentences below from 1 to 4 to show the order they happen in the story
- Which of the following would be the most suitable summary of the whole text/paragraph?

KS2 Reading Planning 2020 - 2021

Year Group:	Year Group: Date:										
Reading Text	:						Week:				
Non-fiction to	exts:										
Home learning	0										
Skills Focus/\	/IPERS (Highlight):	T		T				_			
2a Give/explain t vocabulary ir	he meaning of a context.	2d Make inferences texts/explain and using evidence fro text.	justify	2e Predict what might happen from the details stated and implied.		redict what might happen from the details stated and implied. 2f. 2g. 2h Identify/explain how information/narrative content is related and contributes to the meaning as a whole.		Retrieve and record key information/key details from fiction and non-fiction.		2c Summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph.	
						Mak text.	ke comparisons within the				
		What kr		and experiences do you		l what do t	al they need to succeed in life they need to learn for their ful defining?				
Day	Connect/Review Opportunities	Knowledge Know Components		Skill Key Vocabulary Examples of transferable vocabulary, ideas, knowledge to be taught		E.g. mode	Activity (Take account of the Principles of Instruction) E.g. Links with previous learning / Teacher modelling - small steps / Question prompts / Independent practice – Inc. research opportunities / Speaking opportunities/		Scaffolds/ Challenge SEND Most able Tiger Children	Resources	Cross- curricular links
Monday											
Tuesday											

Wednesday				
Thursday				
Friday				

Whole Class Reading Cycle 2020 - 2021

	Text 2			
Introduce the text	Investigate the text	Digging deeper in the text	Going further in the text	Introduce the text
Vocabulary based lesson	Retrieval based skills session	Inference based skills	Another skills based session	Vocabulary based lesson
			based on prior Big Read	
			assessments	
	Text 2		Text 3 (Independent	- non-project based)
Investigate the text	Digging deeper in the text	Going further in the text	Big Read:	Reflecting and Editing:
Retrieval based skills session	Inference based skills	Another skills based session	Timed mixed	CT works through Big Read
		based on prior Big Read assessments	comprehension questions.	answers.
			Question types taken from	Children edit and improve
			Text 1&2 questions.	answers individually, as a
				group or as a whole class.
			Questions to have skills	
			behind them e.g. 2a.	
Chosen Text		-		

Read and Review:

Pupils share thoughts and participate in discussions on books they are reading.

Activities to include: book reviews and recommendations, book battles, book pitches, book swaps, book blankets etc.

- Question types that are included in Text 1 and Text 2 should features in Text 3 (Big Read) e.g. True or False questions in Text 1 should feature in Big Read as these will have been modelled in taught lessons.
- Every 3rd text should be non-fiction.
- · Poetry to be used once per half-term.
- · Texts can be visual literacy, videos, images etc.

Year 5

NC Fluency Skills:

• Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet

NC Comprehension Skills:

Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:

- Continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks
- Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions
- Recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
- Making comparisons within and across books
- Learning a wider range of poetry by heart
- Preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience.

Understand what they read by:

- Checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- · Asking questions to improve their understanding
- Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- Predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader
- Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
- Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction

- Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
- Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary
- Provide reasoned justifications for their views.

NC Non-Statutory Guidance:

- At this stage, there should be no need for further direct teaching of word reading skills for almost all pupils. If pupils are struggling or failing in this, the reasons for this should be investigated. It is imperative that pupils are taught to read during their last two years at primary school if they enter year 5 not being able to do so.
- Pupils should be encouraged to work out any unfamiliar word. They should focus on all the letters in a word so that they do not, for example, read 'invitation' for 'imitation' simply because they might be more familiar with the first word. Accurate reading of individual words, which might be key to the meaning of a sentence or paragraph, improves comprehension.
- When teachers are reading with or to pupils, attention should be paid to new vocabulary both a word's meaning(s) and its correct pronunciation.
- Even though pupils can now read independently, reading aloud to them should include whole books so that they meet books and authors that they might not choose to read themselves.
- The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. Pupils should continue to apply what they have already learnt to more complex writing.
- Pupils should be taught to recognise themes in what they read, such as loss or heroism. They should have opportunities to compare characters, consider different accounts of the same event and discuss viewpoints (both of authors and of fictional characters), within a text and across more than one text.
- They should continue to learn the conventions of different types of writing, such as the use of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies.
- Pupils should be taught the technical and other terms needed for discussing what they hear and read, such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect.
- In using reference books, pupils need to know what information they need to look for before they begin and need to understand the task. They should be shown how to use contents pages and indexes to locate information.
- The skills of information retrieval that are taught should be applied, for example, in reading history, geography and science textbooks, and in contexts where pupils are genuinely motivated to find out information, for example, reading information leaflets before a gallery or museum visit or reading a theatre programme or review. Teachers should consider making use of any library services and expertise to support this.
- Pupils should have guidance about and feedback on the quality of their explanations and contributions to discussions.
- Pupils should be shown how to compare characters, settings, themes and other aspects of what they read.